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**OFFICE OF PETITIONS**

In re Patent No. 6,882,387	:	
Issue Date: April 19, 2005	:	
Application No. 09/992,062	:	DECISION ON PETITION
Filed: November 5, 2001	:	UNDER 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3)
Attorney Docket No. 2122-4066US2	:	

This is a decision on the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3), filed September 23, 2005, to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C. § 120 for the benefit of priority to prior-filed nonprovisional Application No. 09/421,103, filed October 19, 1999, by way of a certificate of correction filed concurrently herewith.

The petition is **DISMISSED**.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) is only applicable to those applications filed on or after November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii). In addition, the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) must be accompanied by:

- (1) the reference required by 35 U.S.C. § 120 and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(i) of the prior-filed application(s), unless previously submitted;
- (2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t); and
- (3) a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Commissioner may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

The instant petition does not satisfy item (1) above.

The reference to add the claim for benefit to the above-noted, prior-filed application is unacceptable as drafted since it improperly incorporates by reference the prior-filed application. Petitioner's attention is directed to Dart Industries v. Banner, 636 F.2d 684, 207 USPQ 273 (C.A.D.C. 1980), where the court drew a distinction between a permissible 35 U.S.C. § 120 statement and the impermissible introduction of new matter by way of incorporation by reference in a 35 U.S.C. § 120 statement. The court specifically stated:

Section 120 merely provides a mechanism whereby an application becomes entitled to benefit of the filing date of an earlier application disclosing the same subject matter. Common subject matter must be disclosed, in both applications, either specifically or by an express incorporation-by-reference of prior disclosed subject matter. Nothing in section 120 itself operates to carry

forward any disclosure from an earlier application. In re deSeversky, supra at 674, 177 USPQ at 146-147. Section 120 contains no magical disclosure-augmenting powers able to pierce new matter barriers. It cannot, therefore, "limit" the absolute and express prohibition against new matter contained in section 251.

In order for the incorporation by reference statement to be effective as a proper safeguard against the omission of a portion of a prior application, the incorporation by reference statement must be included in the specification-as-filed, or in an amendment specifically referred to in an oath or declaration executing the application. See In re deSeversky, supra. Note also MPEP 201.06(c).

Since the incorporation by reference statement was present on filing as to Application No. 09/048,754, it is permissible to include the statement for that application. However, as the incorporation by reference was not present on filing as to the nonprovisional application now sought to be added, it would not be proper to include this statement.

Accordingly, before the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) can be granted, a renewed petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) and a certificate of correction which deletes the incorporation by reference statement is required.

As authorized, the \$1,370 fee required by 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3)(ii) was charged to petitioner's deposit account, along with the \$100 fee for the certificate of correction.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

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Any questions concerning this matter may be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3218.

  
Frances Hicks  
Petitions Examiner  
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